

returned from there two weeks ago after a three weeks stay.

It is now known that he went down there in a last effort to get even on the race, and his wife says he was a daily visitor to the track. He failed, and when he came home he was a nervous wreck. Mr. Hewitt, knowing nothing of what Preston had been doing and believing him ill, advised him to stay at home for a few days and let his physician fix him up. When Mr. Timken came to the city it was agreed that he should go with Mr. Gray and Mr. Hewitt to the Cumberland and see if Preston was able to explain certain things. Mr. Hewitt took the precaution to telephone and ask if Preston thought he would be able to see him. That was about an hour before he died. Preston said he was feeling much better and told Mr. Hewitt to come right up. Ten minutes before the three men arrived Preston gave certain orders to his clerks by telephone.

"We reached the hotel and were asked to come right up," said Mr. Timken. "Preston was dead when we got there, three minutes later. The doctor said he had had a choking spell or something. I was certain from the moment I stepped into that room that he had committed suicide. I took Mr. Hewitt into the bathroom and said: 'Hewitt, Preston has killed himself. We'll find his affairs very much involved.' We'll find his affairs very much involved."

"So sure was I that I looked around for some poison and found a glass with drops of coffee in it. I said: 'Here's what he took.' I handed it to Mr. Hewitt, who put his finger into it, touched it to his tongue and at once rinsed out his mouth. He said it tasted like acid. Mrs. Preston came in while we were in the bathroom. 'What are you doing in there?' she demanded, noting that my hand was near a bottle labeled 'Poison.' I said, 'Oh, nothing, just looking around.' 'Yes, you are,' she said. 'I feel certain that you are poisoning me!'

"Then," said Mr. Timken, speaking very deliberately, "I apprehended that she thought we suspected her. But I was convinced that he killed himself without ever telling her."

"And you are convinced that he committed suicide?" asked the Coroner.

"There is not an iota of doubt," said Mr. Timken.

"And you believe Mrs. Preston innocent?"

"Absolutely!"

"And you blame nobody?"

"Nobody."

Mr. Timken said he had not expressed his belief to Mrs. Preston, as he did not want to add to her grief.

Mrs. Preston also told her story. She is an attractive woman, 22 years old. Her husband was 37, but looked ten years younger.

"We were very, very happy," she said. "In fact I always knew he was too good to last. He always told me he was a wealthy man and would inherit a large estate. I believed him and paid no attention to his financial affairs. We lived after our marriage in the Hotel Marie Antoinette and then moved to the Cumberland. He was very generous with me. He gave me more money than I need and made me supplied with clothes. A week before he died he gave me \$125, and early this week he did something he had never before done, asked me to lend him a car. I refused. I suspected nothing. He had thirty-five cents in his pockets when he died. It was all he had left. It was money I gave him the day before he died. I have not a penny in the world."

It was for this reason that Mrs. Preston said that she had consented to send the body to his Texas relatives for burial and it was shipped to them last night.

Mr. Gray, Mr. Hewitt and others also gave testimony corroborating substantially what Mr. Timken had said. The Coroner had several more witnesses to examine, but declared that he was satisfied the mystery had been cleared up.

Lawyer Beeson, speaking for Mr. Hewitt and the Timken company, said no statement would be issued of that concern's affairs before Monday. He declined to say what other bank than the Riverside Bank has any of the forged paper.

Brief funeral services were held over at the home of Preston at the Cumberland, after interment rooms last night by the Rev. Stephen Merritt. In addition to his widow and intimate friends several employees of the bank and others were present. The body was shipped last night to Paris, Tex., where the local Masonic lodge will have charge of his burial. Although a mass of flowers was dropped around the casket there was nothing on it but the fez he wore as a Mystic Shriner.

DUCHESSE IS NOT COMING.

Proprietor of the Martha Washington Says That Maybe He's Been Hoaxed.

A. W. Eager, who took charge of the Hotel Martha Washington a few days ago, and announced right off the bat that Consuelo, Duchess of Marlborough, was to be his star boarder, looked happy yesterday afternoon when he saw a caller from THE SUN's London correspondent. The caller read:

"O. H. P. Belmont, in reply to an inquiry with reference to a report from New York that the Duchess of Marlborough had engaged rooms at the Martha Washington, telegraphed from Beaulieu to-day that the report is false."

Mr. Eager retreated to his private office to talk the matter over. He was very sorry, in fact he looked deeply that the story had been printed.

"Heaven knows," said Mr. Eager, "the Martha needs no press agenting. Before I came here this hotel bobbed up in the newspapers in the most ridiculous way, and it was my fond hope that I could keep it out of the papers. Now I'll tell you about the Duchess of Marlborough affair."

I was imposed upon, taken advantage of in a shameless manner by the days of a young man named Stamford. I think, can't be sure, queer how one forgets names, came into the hotel. I had an idea he was a reporter. He said he had the idea that the Martha Washington was a working people's hotel. Well, I showed him the letter from Worthington Hudson, the Duchess's secretary, asking for a reservation of ten rooms to be ready on April 13. I hadn't an idea I was being hoaxed, but when I went down to my other hotel, the Westminster, there were four or five reporters keen on the trail. What could it be?"

"Have you received further word from the Duchess or her secretary?" Mr. Eager was asked.

"Not a syllable," said he, sadly. "I fear they have heard of the stir the publication of the letter caused and may feel irritated. I may have been hoaxed, but on the other hand the letter may be authentic. I am going ahead with the preparation of the ten room suite and have already finished four of them. I am sure, however, that I still have confidence. I pledge you my word I was innocent of any intention to fool the public or the newspapers. My confidence was violated."

WALKED OUT OF ASYLUM.

Insane Canadian Homeless Starts for the United States.

MONTREAL, Que., March 9.—Leaving a message to the effect that he was going to take a trip for his health, Alexander Duclos, who on a plea of insanity was committed by the jury at the November term of the Court of Kings Bench of the charge of attempting to kill Alphonse Desrosiers by discharging a revolver at him on the premises of the Commercial Assurance Company, has escaped for the second time from the Longue Pointe lunatic asylum.

He walked out of the institution on Thursday night between 7 and 8 o'clock, when the inmates meet for amusement in the large reception room on the ground floor. Duclos passed the night at a hotel and left for the United States yesterday.

Before leaving he declared that the course of justice was sure but altogether too slow for him, and that he had come to the conclusion that a Delano & Hudson was the quickest way to get out of his predicament.

Oldsmobile

Roadability Reliability Durability

Deliveries Guaranteed on Dates Promised.

40 h. p. Five Passenger Touring Car, \$3,750.
40 h. p. Two Passenger Roadster, \$2,750.

OLDSMOBILE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
4653 BROADWAY, NEAR 51st STREET
Mfgd. by Olds Motor Works, Lansing, Mich. Members A. L. A. M.

SHOT DOWN BY A BURGLAR.

WILLIAM HAMMOND OF BROOKLYN CORNERS TWO CROOKS.

They Had Just Knocked Down an Old Man Who Had Surprised Them and Were Escaping—Bullet Entered Hammond's Mouth and Lodged in His Throat.

A burglar shot William Hammond last evening at the home of his brother-in-law, William Monseve, 225 Prospect avenue, Brooklyn.

Mr. Hammond had caught two crooks looting the upper part of the house. One of them shot him at close range in the mouth, the bullet lodging in the throat. He was removed in a precarious condition to the Seney Hospital. The burglars escaped. Mr. Hammond is 35 years old.

Henry Conlin, 65 years old, a member of the family, was asleep in a rear room on the top floor at 8:45 o'clock. Hammond and Mrs. Monseve were in the dining room in the basement, where they had just had supper. The burglars entered by the front door by means of a skeleton key. They went up to the second floor and entered the room in which Mr. Conlin was sleeping. One searched Conlin's pockets and got a small sum of money. In moving about they aroused Mr. Conlin, who jumped from his bed and, although he is 65 years old, he attacked the intruders. One knocked him down.

The police attracted the attention of Mr. Hammond of Mrs. Monseve and of her son Edwin, who were conversing in the basement. Mr. Hammond remarked that Conlin had probably fallen out of bed, but to make sure he said he would go upstairs and investigate. He ascended to the second floor and then, taking a match from his pocket, struck a light. He entered his own room, which was in the front of the house. As he did so he saw the burglars. What happened between him and the men is not known. But there was a flash and a report and Mr. Hammond fell to the floor, having been shot in the mouth. Mrs. Monseve and her son, hearing the shot, ran upstairs. They were met by the two burglars, who were hurrying downstairs to make their escape. One of them struck Mrs. Monseve on the head with his fist. They pushed by the woman and her son and were soon on the street.

Mrs. Monseve went to the top floor and found her brother lying on the floor with blood oozing from his mouth. She opened the window and screamed for the police. Several neighbors, hearing her cry, came to her assistance and then notified the police of the Fifth avenue station. Ambulance Surgeon Richardson of the Seney Hospital was summoned. On his arrival he saw that Mr. Hammond was dangerously wounded and he took him at once to the hospital. In the meantime the reserves from the Fifth avenue station had arrived. Detectives examined the house. They found a revolver in the hallway with one bullet missing. A black derby hat was also found in the hallway.

The Monseves and Mr. Conlin were unable to give much of a description of the men. They said they appeared to be about 5 feet 8 inches tall and stout. Both had dark sack coats and derby hats. Neither wore an overcoat.

ELECTRIC GUARD ON TRACKS.

Broken Rail Will Set a Block Signal on the Central at Danger.

The directors of the New York Central have approved the suggestion of protecting the tracks between New York and Buffalo from accidents by broken rails, the removal of a rail or the breaking of any connection, by guarding the right of way with a complete electric connection.

Engineers have begun the work and by the last of April it is expected that much of it will have been completed.

The action of the New York Central has been caused by a careful investigation that shows many of the accidents throughout the country have been caused by broken rails. While track walkers are employed they have failed to detect all the breaks.

The system now under way will connect all the towers between New York and Buffalo by electrical wires—these wires being connected with the rails. If a rail breaks or if any attempt is made to remove a rail, two such attempts having been made recently—the towerman will be notified at once by signal.

In addition to guarding against broken rails the electric device will be one more protection for the block signals.

When a rail breaks the electric connection will at once set the signals at danger and no engineer can pass the signals until the cause of the break has been discovered. It is estimated that the new work will cost about \$600,000.

Widow of Theodore Mommen Dead.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, March 9.—The widow of Theodore Mommen, the victim of Rome, died to-day at the age of 75. She collaborated with her husband in his works. Her villa, was burned recently, and she was injured.

FOREIGN VOTERS FOR CUBA.

Law Advisory Commission in Favor of The Liberals Hesitate.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, March 9.—There was a long debate to-day before the Law Advisory Commission over a motion to allow foreigners to vote at provincial municipal elections under certain conditions. These conditions are five years residence, the possession of property or engagement in professional or industrial pursuits with the payment of corresponding taxes. A motion to reject the proposition on the ground that it was unconstitutional was negatived 7 to 5, the Liberals being in a minority. The measure may be approved when it comes to a final vote.

The idea of allowing foreigners to vote in municipal elections was suggested in President Palma's time on the ground that municipal matters were separate from State affairs. Moreover, in Cuba foreigners are very numerous in the cities, especially the larger ones, where they own nearly all the business, but have no voice in important matters relating to local administration, which are consequently relegated to persons who have no direct interests at stake. Besides the admission of foreigners to the suffrage, it is argued, might open the way to people better qualified to administer local affairs than the usual penniless politicians.

The Liberals are afraid that the foreign vote would swamp them in places like Havana and Cienfuegos, where Spaniards are numerous, and at Camaguey, where Americans might control the balance of power. The Liberals say the Constitution provides for foreigners becoming citizens of Cuba if they want to. Then they could vote if they so desired. However, such a course does not appear to be popular in Cuba, where Americans, English, Germans and a majority of Spaniards prefer to retain their original nationality.

It is pointed out that the proposal before the committee only allows foreigners who have lived five years in a place besides fulfilling one of the other conditions to vote. Thus the privilege would not be extended to adventurers or persons ignorant of local conditions.

MAY TIE UP LAKE SHIPYARDS.

Strike of 2,000 Employees of American Shipbuilding Company Impending.

CLEVELAND, March 9.—A strike of 2,000 employees of the American Shipbuilding Company, which will tie up operations in the yards in Cleveland, Chicago, West Bay City and Detroit, seems assured. The refusal of James C. Wallace, president of the company, to meet a committee of employees to-day is taken to mean that the riveters, heaters, holderson and helpers, and probably other workmen will be called out Monday morning.

It was reported to-night upon apparently trustworthy authority that the company had decided to ignore the demands of the men for a nine hour day with the same pay they are now receiving for ten hours work, and furthermore, that it had concluded to set aside \$2,000,000 to fight a strike.

The officials of the shipbuilding company refused this afternoon to treat with the committee from the Shipbuilders' Union, giving as their reason that the matter had been placed in the hands of the superintendents at the various yards and would have to be taken up in that way if a settlement was to be effected. A mass meeting, attended by all members of the union in Cleveland and presided over by Vice-President Kreipe of the Shipbuilders and Helpers' Union, was held at their hall on Detroit street to-night.

At the close of this meeting it was said that a general strike had been agreed upon and an order had been issued which would be effective on Monday. The officials of the union, however, refused to confirm this report.

CHICAGO'S FIRE LAWS INVALID.

Says the Court, and Holds No One Responsible for Iroquois Theatre Disaster.

DANVILLE, Ill., March 9.—Judge E. R. Kimbrough, before whom the Iroquois Theatre case has been partly tried, decided late this afternoon that the fire ordinances of Chicago were invalid at the time of the disaster. The decision means that Will J. Davis cannot be held responsible for the deaths which occurred.

Following his decision the Court called in the jury, which had not been allowed to hear the arguments, and directed it to return a verdict of not guilty. This was done, and the Court directed the Sheriff to release the defendant. This terminates any criminal action against Davis on account of the fire.

CHESTER GILLETTE'S APPEAL.

It Will Not Be Argued Until the Fall Term of the Court of Appeals.

URICA, March 9.—It developed to-day that the appeal in the case of Chester E. Gillette, convicted of the murder of Grace Brown, will not be argued before the fall term of the Court of Appeals. In the meantime Gillette will stay in the dock at Auburn prison. By filing in Herkimer that appeal will be taken the attorneys for Gillette have secured a stay of sentence and they are at work preparing the papers for the appeal, which will set forth that Judge Davidson erred in permitting the introduction of hearsay evidence and in the "Billy Brown letters," as they were called, some to the attention of the jury.

KAISER NOT IN PEACE LEAGUE

RUSSIA THE WEAK ELEMENT IN EUROPEAN SITUATION.

Her Internal Troubles Deprive Her of Reliability—German Intrigues to Use Hague Conference—Bismarck's Mistake—Article—Denmark's Rumored Coup.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 9.—We have been told this week by several serious journals that a complete understanding has been reached between Great Britain and Russia and that a peace league has been formed virtually embracing all the great Powers except Germany.

This news, if confirmed, would be of transcendent importance and would relegate to the Hague conference and other peace agencies the mere arrangement of details for the inauguration of a political millennium. There is this much truth in the foregoing optimistic announcement: A better understanding has been reached between the British and Russian Governments regarding the knotty problems in the Far East.

Before giving this fact any wider significance than appears on its face, it is necessary to ask what reliance can be placed upon Russia as a factor in any international policy at the present moment. Russia's part in maintaining a firm international peace policy would be of great importance could she be relied upon to oppose the aggressive ambitions in the Near East which are ascribed commonly to the Kaiser in diplomatic circles. The answer must be entirely disappointing. The latest internal situation in Russia as revealed by the assembling of the new Duma is far more ominous than any one anticipated.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of THE SUN, writing on this subject, describes the new Legislature as more dangerous than the last one. The names of groups, such as Social Democrats and Social Revolutionaries, are misleading, owing to the adoption of the nomenclature of the extreme Left parties of other continental chambers. They are all plain revolutionaries. There is no evidence of a Socialist among them in the sense of demanding the collective ownership of means of production, but rather all their clamor is for individual personal liberty.

In the face of a large majority of the Duma holding these sentiments, Russia finds itself confronted with a domestic crisis of greater danger than ever before. That she can play any but a moral role in international affairs is impossible. That even her moral attitude should be regarded as permanent or representative is absurd. The present regime will not go to war with anybody about anything, nor can it furnish any useful stiffening to any combination.

The policy of turning to military adventure to escape domestic trouble that figured in the Japanese war is now reversed. Since that appalling experiment the determined policy of the Czar's friends has been to give the soldiers plenty to eat and drink and better clothes and barracks and to make their life as easy as possible. They are very definitely needed at home, and any mobilizing or rehearsal of war games would simply play into the hands of the revolutionaries.

The policy of turning to military adventure to escape domestic trouble that figured in the Japanese war is now reversed. Since that appalling experiment the determined policy of the Czar's friends has been to give the soldiers plenty to eat and drink and better clothes and barracks and to make their life as easy as possible. They are very definitely needed at home, and any mobilizing or rehearsal of war games would simply play into the hands of the revolutionaries.

It will be seen from the foregoing that any estimate ascribing to Russia the importance of a great Power in any combination for peace or otherwise would be a serious mistake. He would be a foolish prophet who undertook to say what policy or what rulers will direct Russian affairs one year or two years hence.

Nor is there complete unity of sentiment regarding peace measures among the so-called peace Powers themselves. France has resented very much Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's proposal in his article in the Nation and he also regards the limitation and reduction of armaments. Germany, indeed, pretends to find in it Machiavellian designs against her. However, the nice old gentleman who holds the Premiership of these islands is quite incapable of wicked intriguing in foreign affairs and he is very much hurt by these suspicions of his bona fides. He leaves foreign affairs in the hands of Sir Edward Grey even more completely than President Roosevelt confides them to Secretary Root, and he wrote the article which is making such a fuss simply to give a fillip to the new Liberal publication.

There is evidence of Germany's intention to embroil the question of the limitation of armaments by asking whereon it is to be based. If it is to be fixed by population, then Germany's navy will go up and Great Britain's down. If by the size of the merchant marine, requiring the Russian, Japanese and United States to take a low place on the list and will, of course, refuse consent.

On a disturbing development this week was the revival of the report that the Kaiser had succeeded in inducing Denmark to neutralize the Danish Straits with the object of making the Baltic a *mare clausum* in time of war. There is strong evidence that Danish consent has been gained, the price being a concession to the Russian, Danish independence. Great Britain, however, can never agree to this arrangement and her effective veto in some form may be expected just as when a similar rumor alarmed her two years ago.

Despite this incident, and giving all due weight to the aggressive plans ascribed to the German Emperor, it must be said that the prospects of continued peace are brighter to-day than once the balance of power was disturbed by the Russian-Japanese war. Leaving Russia out of account entirely, the European situation is so pacific that it is almost beyond the power of any ambitious potentate to disturb it. It is the very condition of profound sentiment against war which sometimes furnishes the opportunity to push schemes of aggrandizement which in other times arouse resistance and we may see attempts of this nature made in the near future. Modern diplomacy, however, knows well how to use the moral weapon of public condemnation against the instigators of trouble—a weapon which proved so effective at Algiers a year ago.

DELEGATES TO ROADMAKERS' CONVENTION.

ALBANY, March 9.—Gov. Hughes has appointed the following delegates to represent the State at the fourth annual convention of the American Roadmakers' Association, which is to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., on March 12 and 13.

The Hon. Frank L. Getman of Ithaca, Deputy State Engineer and Surveyor Edmund F. Van Hoesen of Albany, former Deputy State Engineer Francis Lyon of Binghamton, and J. Y. McClintock of Rochester.

Gov. Hughes Makes Request for Herman Von Cleff.

ALBANY, March 9.—Gov. Hughes has made request upon the Governor of Oregon for the return of Herman Von Cleff, who is charged with grand larceny in the second degree. He was employed by the firm of Journey & Burnham of Brooklyn as cashier. In July, 1904, an alleged deficiency of \$3,000 was found in his accounts. He is under arrest in Portland, Ore.

The Aeolian Company Announces a New Model of PIANOLA

At \$215 Terms \$15 Down \$7 a Month

THERE has long been a demand for a first-class Piano-player to sell at a low price and on monthly payments within the reach of everybody. Our Board of Experts has found a way of producing a Pianola of simpler construction so as to permit of a lower price and at the same time maintain the highest order of musical and mechanical efficiency.

The new "Model K" is a genuine Pianola. It is made by the Aeolian Co., it has the Metrosyle and the other exclusive features that have given the Pianola its tremendous prestige and world-wide supremacy. The "Model K" Pianola is therefore easily the superior of any of the other Piano-players, no matter at what price sold.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THE "MODEL K"

The "Model K" has the Metrosyle, without which leading musicians have said they would not give serious consideration to any Piano-player. This device absolutely prevents the objectionable effect of other Piano-players—a mechanical, automatic rendition. It puts life, soul and expression into the playing.

The "Model K" has the Melodist, a device for subduing the bass and bringing out the treble or vice versa.

The "Model K" is the smallest of any of the well-known Piano-players. It is consequently less conspicuous and is more easily moved up to and away from the piano.

The "Model K" is equipped with the *lever system* of expression devices in contradistinction to the "push-button" used in nearly all other Piano-players. It also has the metal tracker-board, an important point, as it does away with rustling of the paper.

The full repertoire of the Pianola, now numbering over 15,000 compositions, is available for the "Model K." With many other Piano-players the music problem still is an imperfect experimental stage, which proves a serious objection in obtaining the maximum amount of pleasure.

Not only has the price been fixed at \$215, but the extremely easy terms of \$15 down and \$7 a month (with interest) are offered, so that the Pianola is now placed within the reach of practically every home.

The Aeolian Co., Aeolian Hall, 363 Fifth Ave., near 34th St., N. Y.

KIDNAPPED BY FATHER.

Charge Made by Horseman William C. Daly Regarding Jockey Burns's Brothers.

William C. Daly, the horseman, went to the Sheepshead Bay police station last night and complained that John Burns, father of Tommy Burns, the well known jockey, had kidnapped his two younger sons, William, aged 17, and Guy, 16, who are now under contract to ride Daly's horses. Daly asked the police to arrest Burns for stealing his own sons, and in a general alarm sent out the Sheepshead Bay police ordered Burns's arrest.

JAMES L. PUGH DEAD.

Was a United States Senator From Alabama Before and After the Civil War.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—James L. Pugh, former United States Senator from Alabama, died last night at his residence in Washington of pneumonia. He was taken sick about six weeks ago and was thought to be progressing favorably until yesterday, when he had a turn for the worse. He began sinking rapidly and died at 11 o'clock to-night.

He was born in Burke county, Georgia, in 1820 and moved to Alabama when 4 years old. He engaged in the practice of law until 1841, when he was elected to the United States Senate. He was re-elected in 1845 and again without opposition in 1849. He retired from the Thirty-sixth Congress when Alabama seceded from the Union.

During the Civil War he joined the Eleventh Alabama Regiment as a private. He was elected to the Confederate Congress in 1861 and was also a member of the convention which framed the State constitution in 1875. He was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat to fill out the term made vacant by the death of Senator John C. Calhoun and took seat December 6, 1880, and was re-elected in 1884 and 1890. Since retiring from the Senate in 1896, Mr. Pugh had been a resident of Washington.

The story of Senator Pugh's retirement in favor of the venerable Edmund W. Pettus is a part of the political history of the South. Senator Pettus was 75 years of age when he succeeded Senator Pugh. The story runs that he had asked Senator Pugh to intercede with President Cleveland to procure for him the appointment of Federal Judge in Alabama. Senator Pettus had up to that time never held office.

Senator Pugh is reported to have told Mr. Pettus that he was too old to aspire to a seat on the bench, whereupon Mr. Pettus is quoted as having replied that perhaps he was too old to be a judge, but that he was not too old to be a Senator. He thereupon entered upon an active canvass for the Senatorship and much to the surprise of Senator Pugh's friends succeeded in gaining his election.

Senator Pugh has two sons residing in Washington, one of whom, James L. Pugh, Jr., has for many years been assistant attorney for the District.

ORITARY.

Charles Wilson Odyke, son of the late George Odyke, the first Republican Mayor of New York city, died yesterday at his home, 1234 West 124th street, at 81 years of age. He was 81 years old, and was born in New York. His father served as Mayor from 1846 to 1848. He was the head of the banking firm of George Odyke & Co. After young Odyke had graduated from New York University he went to Europe and took a graduate course in law at Heidelberg. He helped reorganize the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad, and was vice-president and president of the road. He was a successful business man for many years and had been a resident of New York for many years.

Dr. William Baker Crain over 70 years of age, one of the best known practitioners in central New York, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Richfield Springs Saturday. Dr. Crain was educated at Fairleigh Dickinson University and graduated from the University of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the American Medical Association and was a surgeon in the civil war. Dunham Jones Crain of this city, he is survived by three nephews, Dr. Alfred Crain and Dr. William Crain of New York and Paul Warren of Geneva, Switzerland.

Freeman Rasin, for more than thirty-five years a prominent business man of Baltimore, died yesterday of paralysis at his home in that city. Mr. Rasin had just started the mayoralty race and had been greatly embarrassed by the newspaper attacks on him. Rasin, as the boss of the city, worked in harmony with the late Mayor, Thomas D. A. B. Smith, and for many years he had been a prominent figure in the Democratic organization.

William Heffernan, for many years one of the most prominent political leaders in the First Assembly district, died yesterday at his home, 212 Varick street. He was 88 years old, and was born in County Limerick, Ireland, coming here just after the civil war. He was connected with the Dock Department.

Eames to Sing for Corried Again.

Mr. Corried came down to his office yesterday and attended to business during the afternoon. He received a delegation of directors of the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company and also talked with Otto Kahn of the Corried Metropolitan Opera House. More important business was the engagement of Mrs. Emma Eames, who is again to sing at the Metropolitan Opera House next season.

Esberg Gets Permission to Go to Germany.

ALBANY, March 9.—Supreme Court Justice Fitts to-day granted an order permitting Senator Esberg, receiver of the North German Fire Insurance Company, to go to Germany to investigate and appraise the assets, amounting to \$250,000, of the South German Reinsurance Company, one of the creditors of the North German.

John Jameson

Three Stars Whiskey

Its singular Purity and uniform high quality are the basis of its world-wide fame.

W. A. Taylor & Co., Agents, New York.

DIED.

BIGLOW.—Walter Pierpont, son of the late Hobart B. and Eleanor L. Biglow, suddenly at his residence, 325 West 70th st., on Thursday, March 7.

BRESLIN.—On Saturday, March 9, Mrs. M. Breslin (nee Mary J. Flanagan), at her residence, 230 East 84th st.

HEFFERNAN.—William, at his residence, 22 Varick st., on Tuesday, March 12, at 9:30 A. M.

HOFFMAN.—At his residence, 1072 Fulton st., Brooklyn, on March 8, 1907, Julius Hoffman, son of the late August Hoffman, aged 39 years 8 months 25 days, after a painful illness.

His funeral will take place Saturday, March 9, at 2 o'clock, from above residence. His wife, Veronica Hoffman; his mother, Emma Hoffman; also brothers and sisters, survive him.

HORNBOSTEL.—On Saturday, March 9, 1907, Johann Hornbostel, in his 63d year, at his residence, 1234 West 124th st., Brooklyn.

Funeral services at the German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Schermerhorn st., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, March 12, at 2 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

KIERNAN.—Died, Thursday, March 7, 1907, James T. Kiernan, eldest son of the late James W. and Frances L. Kiernan.

Funeral from his late residence, Brooklyn, Monday morning, March 11, at 9 o'clock, thence to the Church of St. John the Baptist, Wilburghy av.

MOYNIHAN.—On March 8, 1907, at his residence, 288 Seventh st., Edward F. Moynihan, beloved brother of A. J. Moynihan.

Funeral on Monday, March 11, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Bridget's Church, 5th st. and Avenue B, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

ODYKE.—Passed away March 9, 1907, at his residence, 1234 West 124th st., Plainfield, N. J., Charles Wilson Odyke, son of the late Mayor George Odyke of New York city.

Notice of funeral later.

OUSSANI.—On Thursday, March 7, in the 38th year of her age, Margaret A. Oussani, nee Shea, beloved wife of Joseph Oussani.

Funeral from her late residence, 217 West 116th st., on Monday, March 11, at 10 A. M., thence to Church of St. Thomas, 118th st. and 5th av. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment Calvary.

SMITHERS.—On Saturday, March 9, 1907, after a short illness, Christopher Dunkin, son of the late Christopher Dunkin and Mabel Hennessey Smithers.

Funeral service at the home of his parents, 260 Broadway, at 2 P. M., Monday, March 11, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

WEAVER.—On March 8, Joseph W. Weaver, aged 42 years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 314th and 18th st., on Sunday at 2 o'clock.

UNDERTAKERS.

He not deceased. We are the only

STEPHEN MERRITT BURIAL CO.,

314th and 18th st., Tel. 124th Street.

Rev. Stephen Merritt, Pres. P. W. Radcliffe, Mgr.

PERSONALS.

FRANK—If you are living write, very anxious

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

TEMPLE MANUEL, 5th av. and 43rd St.,

1134 A. M. Dr. Joseph Silverman in Relief of Liberty in France and America. All welcome.

Correct Dress for Men

If you want suggestions for your Spring apparel you'll find them here in abundance.

Spring Overcoats and Suits, ready-to-wear, \$18 to \$40.

George G. Thompson
Broadway Cor. 26 & 27

SZODONT TOOTH POWDER

positively beneficial, deliciously fragrant, gives perfect satisfaction.

Ask your dentist.